THE TORIES HESITATE.

LORD SALISBURY URGES A COALITION.

CONSERVATIVES TO TAKE OFFICE ONLY WITH LIB-LONDON, June 11 .- Lord Salisbury, at an informal conference with a number of Conservative mem-bers of the House of Commons, said that he would refuse office unless assured by the Liberal leaders that the factions of the Opposition would not hamper the Adminis-tration. If the Liberal majority were willing to give fair play to a Conservative Ministry office might be accepted. Without some such understanding between the leaders of both sides it would be impossible for the Conservatives to undertake the Government The possibility of such an understanding is being dis-cussed in political clubs. Mr. Gladstone, Lord Hartington and other Moderates, it is believed, would agree to it, while Mr. Chamberlain and Sir Charles Dilke would

Prince of Wales and several members of the Privy Coun-This is the first time she has sought the advice of the Prince on a State crisis. It is reported that he advised the Queen to follow the constitutional practice and call the Marquis of Salisbury to form a new Cabinet.

The latest report is to the effect that the Queen has ed Lord Salisbury to Balmoral, and that the Marquis left London to-night for the castle. If a Tory et is formed Mr. Gladstone's immediate retirem om public life is certain, and the Marquis of Hartington will be left to lead the Opposition. The news that Mr. Gladstone intends to make his retirement co-incident with his resignation dismays the Liberals, who relied upon having his leadership in the electoral

Lord Richard Grosvenor, the senior Liberal whip, writes to The Daily News that he sent out two urgent uses by mail and messengers; that he followed these by telegrams; that he did more than was usual and the utmost that could have been done, and that the result must be attributed to the apathy of the members rather than to any lack of vigor on his part.

A royal courier arrived in London this afternoon, bringing the Queen's reply to Mr. Gladstone's letter. It is understood that the reply contained an imperative summons for Mr. Gladstone's attendance at Balmoral.

On the other hand it is stated that Mr. Gladstone will the state at Mr. Gladstone will

not go to Balmoral, that he is preparing to vacate his icial residence, and will probably go to Hawarden to superate for the remainder of the session, only attend-Parliament on the occasion of important debates. Earl Granville, in the House of Lords, and Mr. Glad-stone, in the House of Commons, will make brief statements to-day and move a further adjournment of both

litical affairs the Queen will proceed to London as

Mr. Chamberlain's organ, The Birmingham Post, to-day tells what the Radical policy will be if a Tory Ministry tells what the Radical policy will be if a Tory Ministry tells formed. They must, The Post says, be watched, checked, forbidden to legislate, and compelled to explain and justify every step, and so bound, limited and preed from using for their own purposes the position which they have no real claim. These and similar dec-larations by other Liberal papers intensify the feeling of the rank and the of the Conservatives against accepting office as impossible without guarantees of some support

A number of rumors were in circulation respecting the purposes of the Queen and the Ministry. One report indicated the eventual return of Mr. Gladstone to office at the head of a reconstructed, anti-coercion Cab-fnet. He still wishes to anaudon political life, and if he continues at the head of British political affairs it will at the urgent solicitation of the Queen. Another of the rumors of the day was that the Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of State for War, will be asked by the Queen to reconstruct the Liberal Ministry. If this were

one Mr. Gladstone was to retire.

The Standard says it is understood that the Queen has requested Mr. Gladstone to transmit to her his views in full on the political crisis in order that arrangements may be made to avert an immediate change in the British Ministry. It is not expected that the Queen will accept the resignation of the Ministers, or that any final decision will be reached concerning the question of changing the Government until the Queen's return to Windsor Castle. The Conservatives can do nothing until the Queen's wishes be made known, and in the meantime it is doubtful if the Liberal Cabinet can hold together, so great are the cealing behind its excitement their own dissensions

concealing behind its excitement their own dissensions. The statements made since the defeat by some of the Liberal members who absented themselves from the vote on the division show that the Government might have on the division show that the Government might have saved itself on that vote if it had cared to do so.

Lexbox, June 12.—The general ignorance and uncertainty regarding the outcome of the Government crisis are indicated in the Marquis of Salisbury departed for Balmeral last evening in response to a summons from the Queen. The Dadity Telegraph states that it caused a personal inquiry to be made at his house late last night, and was assured that the Marquis was in bed. German dipiomats in Berlin allege that one of the causes, and the greatest, of the resignation of the Gladetone Government was the failure of the mission of the Earl of Rosebery, British Privy Seal, to Berlin. These diplomats now assert that the object of that mission was to secure a reconciliation between Mr. Gladstone and Prince Bismarck. Another cause is said to have been the failure of the Joseph Chamberlain's recent mission to Paris. Mr. Chamberlain's rip to Paris was announced to be simply for pleasure. Officials in the German foreign service declare, however, that Mr. Chamberlain's recent mission to the French capital for the purpose of obtaining from M. de Freycinct, French Minister for Foreign Affairs, an Anglo-French alliance on Egyptian affairs. This was to be based on unequal shares in the control of the country, English couried to be paramount. It is declared that the failure of the change of the failure of the opinion that the Couservatives would accept power in order to utilize the opportunity to show the country that they possess more of the governing faculty than the Liberals have. Unless they some faculty to a based on unequal accept power in order to utilize the opportunity to show the country that they possess more of the governing faculty than the Liberals have. Unless they size the present chance of impressing the e

SCORES OF PEOPLE CRUSHED BY MASONRY. PARIS, June 11 .- At Thiers, a town in the

Department of Puy de Dome, a murder trial has been in progress for some days. Yesterday, the last day of the trial, the court house was crowded with men and women. After the adjournment of the court the people ed the hall leading to the street. The stone stairrase fell with those who were upon it. Immense masses of masonry loosened by the accident crashed down upon caused a panie in the court room, an

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

LONDON, June 11.
Cashmere Earthquake.—The British Resident Cashmere reports that earthquake shocks continue, he towns of Baramulla and Sopur have been ruined, at 400 persons killed. There has also been great loss life in adjacent villages.

REMOVING A WRECK.—The United States steamer Pen-sacola, which arrived at Maderia on June 10, reports that on May 27 she fell in with the wreck of the German bark Bertha Bahlruhs. As the wreck was dangerous to mavigation the Pensacola destroyed it by means of tor-refers.

INA VOKES.—John Stetson has engaged Rosina sand a Loudon company for an American tour, company includes Sir Charles Young, Arthur ier, Captain Gooch, Claude Ponsonby, Mrs. Ceple-and others.

PROGRESS OF CHOLERA IN SPAIN. preading and the increase in the number of cases is sausing great alarm among the people. In Valencia there have been forty-five new cases since yesterday. Castillon de in Plana, a town near Valencia, announces aguteen deaths. In the Province of Murcia, there are sayly cases resembling cholers. This number includes wenty-eight cases in the city of Murcia.

EXPECTED REDUCTION OF CANAL TOLLS. MONTREAL, June 11 (Special).—A special seeting of members of the Board of Trade, Corn Extends, shipping interest and merchants generally was I to day to receive the report of a deputation which ted Ottawa to confer with the Government as to a netion of canal tolls. John Magor, president of the a Exchange Association, presented a report and ed that in his opinion the proposition would be orably considered by the Government who, ha have

OTTAWA, June 11 .- Mr. Burbridge, Deputy ter of Justice, will leave in a few days for Regina to attend the trial of Riel. A determined effort is making by Quebec members to procure elemency in the case of Riel. It is understood that Archbishop Tache is here for that purpose and will shortly be joined by Bishop Grandin, of Saskatchewan. The prevailing imssion is, however, that Riel will receive an impartial trial and that his sentence, whatever it may be, will be

dated on June 9 has just been received from Chippe wayan Catholic Mission, Portage of the Beaver River:

wayan Catholic Mission, Portage of the Beaver River:
Strange's column arrived here this morning and is making preparations for Big Bear's reception. Major Hatten's mounted men arrived yesterday in time to see Indians, supposed to be Chippewayans, cross the river. The Indians are pushing north rapidly. It is impossible to follow them, owing to the forests and mosquitoes north of the river. Indian scouts line the opposite bank watching our movements. Detachments of infantry will be stationed for three miles east along the river and scouts will be sent out on foot to find Big Bear. The country is heavily wooded and marshy in every direction, thus retarding horseback travel. The troops discovered a cache of minuty-live sacks of flour and a large number of furs here. The transport service will return to Pitt to-morrow for supplies. The water in Beaver River is high.

SCOTT SEEN IN QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, June 11 .- Four of Pinkerton's detectives have arrived here. It is thought they are after Scott, the absconding teller of the Manhattan Bank. It is said that Scott has been in Quebec, and that on Tuesday morning he was recognized in a clear store in

THE RUMORS OF THE AMEER'S ASSASSINATION. St. Petersburg, June 11.-The Novosti reaffirms its statement that the Ameer of Afghanistan is dead. The people of Afghanistan are in a state of great excitement, the rumors of the death of the Ameer hav ing reached them, followed by the other rumor that Ayoub Khan, a former Ameer, now in Persia, will take the place of the murdered Ameer through the machinations of Russia.

FRAGMENTS OF CABLE NEWS. BERLIN, June 11.—The Bundesrath has refused to en-eriain petitions urging the adoption of a bi-metallic cur-

DUBLIN, June 11.—Michael Davitt received an ovation last night. The term of his "ticket-of-leave" expires to day. It is reported that Mr. Davitt will contest the County Mayo at the approaching Parliamentary elec

St. Petersburg, June 11.—Russia has given an order for 2,000 cleven-inch Krupp shells.

A TRAIN BURIED IN A TUNNEL.

THE WALLS CAVE IN ON IT-SIX LIVES LOST AND MANY PERSONS INJURED.

[ST TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] CHATTANOOGA, June 11.—The New River tun-nel on the Cincinnati Southern Railway, 100 miles above this city, caved in to-night a construction train crowded with railroad hands was passing through. Six men were killed outright and twenty others seriously, perhaps fatally injured. The wires are down and no particulars can be learned. The walls fell while the train was in the centre of the tunnel and every person on the cars was more or less injured. Some of the bodies cannot be reached for twenty-four hours.

It is said that Roadmaster Simmonds is among the TEN MEN KILLED IN A MINE.

FIVE HUNDRED CASES OF GIANT POWDER EXPLODE NEAR ZACATECAS IN MEXICO.

GALVESTON, Texas, June 11 .- A dispatch to The News from Zacatecas, Mex., says that an explosion of 500 cases of giant powder to-day in the cele brated Santo Tiburcio de Laveta Grande mine, had killed ten men, injured as many more, and completely wrecked the mine.

RAZORS AND WHISKEY AT A CAMP-MEETING.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 11 (Special) .- News has been received here of a bloody riot which occurred on Sunday at a negro camp-meeting at Mount Zion Church, about nine miles from Yorkville. The country darkies had promulgated the idea that they did not de-"puttin' on airs," and in turn the town negroes had boasted that they would go down to Zion and teach the rural darkies a lesson in etiquette. Besides the knives and razors and cheap pistols which go to make up the negro's defensive outfit, each party was well supplied with whiskey.

Scarcely had the first town contingent arrived when hostilities began. The conflict was desperate and blo and raged for over an hour, at the end of which time the country "coous" were in possession of the field and the town darkies in full retreat. The casualties, as near as can be learned, were one man killed, two fatally wounded and at least twenty more or less seriously in-jured. A general stampede followed the first clash. The meeting closed without the formality of a doxology, and frightened negroes of both sexes and all ages and conditions scampered off in every direction.

BAD EFFECTS OF PHILADELPHIA WHISKEY.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11 (Special).—John L. Sullivan, who has been posing at the National Theatre, broke out last night on an old time spree and made matters lively about Ninth and Chestnut sts. He made nls appearance at the Girard House bar after 12 o'clock and drank himself drunk before leaving the place. He then stepped across the street to the Continental Hotel, all who appeared were made to scamper before the infuriated pugilist.

At 5 this morning he returned to the Girard café and demanded something to cat, and going to the oyster bar consumed six dozen clams. This is verified by the attendant, who grew tired with opening them. After this tendant, who grew three with opening them. After this he drank considerable whiskey, and then by main force his attendant and several acquaintances took him to the Continental, carried him upstairs and put him to bed. Being aroused at 11 a.m. to take the train for the West

he became belligerent, and everybody was compelled to stand back. Finally with much persuasion dressed, and after swallowing a pint of whiskey consented to go to the depot. Several times he dispersed the crowd of onlookers, but was at last safely seated in a car at the Broad-st. depot.

GONE WEST WITH HER SECOND VICTIM Huntingdon, Penn., June 11 (Special) .-

William H. Bare, of Mt. Union, cloped last night with Miss Mary Ann Himes, a rural adventuress. Bare has been an extensive dealer in grain, is about twenty-eight years old and has always ranked high in public esteem. He is a brother of Register and Recorder John S. Bare, of this county. Last night he and Miss Himes boarded a fast train from Mt. Union to this place, and here purchased through tickets to Omaha.

Miss Himes, four years ago, eloped with a man from the South and settled in Virginia City, Montana, where her lover conducted a palatini restaurant. Two years ago he went buffalo hunting, and, in his absence, Miss Himes sold out the establishment at a high figure, pocketed the proceeds and came East. Bare has left all his property in an unsettled state. He was in comfort-

READY TO FIGHT SPEAKER HAINES ANYWHERE. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 11 .- A scene occurred on the floor of the House this forenoon on a mo-tion by Mr. West to allow the committee investigating the charges of bribery and corruption full time to con-tinue their investigation. Speaker Haines made a sharp retort directed at Mr. West, when the latter showed anger, and excitedly said that he hoped before the session ended to be able to show up Mr. Haines in his true light. Mr. Haines replied that everybody knew he was an honest agriculturist, but that if Mr. West had any griev-ance he had better adjourn to an ante-room with the Speaker and settle it. Mr. West shook his fist, and replied in a rage that he would meet Mr. Haines at any time and place. The confusion, laughter and applause which greeted this was simply deafening, and, without attempting any further business, the House adjourned.

O'REEFE GUILTY OF BALLOT-BOX STEALING. CHICAGO, June 11 .- Edward alias "Dutchy" O'Keefe, charged with stealing the ballot-box containing the returns of the last municipal election, in the Third

Susan Gallagher went to District-Attorney Ridgway in Brooklyn yesterday to secure his assistant to recover \$2,000, or thereabouts, which she alleged Patrick Ford, of The Irish World, owed her and refused to pay. The woman was associated with O'Donnell, who killed Carey, the Irish informer, and was afterward hanged. She said that she made O'Donnell's acquaint-ance at Londonderry, and he went with her to a priest in England who refused to marry them. She afterward acanied him to South Africa, when he was pursuing

England who refused to n arry them. She afterward accompanied, him to South Africa, when he was pursuing Carey but returned in a different vessel. After O'Donnell's trial she claims that he authorized the payment to her of \$2,500 from the fund raised by Patrick Ford for his defence, in consideration of her valuable services. After his death she came to this country with Miss Eleanor Ford, and she was paid \$350, but the balance of her claim, she asserts, has not been liquidated.

District Attorney Ringway advised the woman to resort to civil proceedings. Patrick Ford said that when O'Donnell was arrested he raised a fund for his defence. The sum of \$50,000 was secured and General Pryor and ex Judge Fullerton were employed to defend O'Donnell. Of the money raised a balance of \$52,000 was left after the trial. Ford cabled to General Pryor to ascertain what O'Donnell desired to have done with the money. The condemned man, who, could neither read nor write, had his spiritual adviser, F ther Flynn, make a memorandum of his wishes. He desired the money to go to his mother and her other children, and \$1,000 to be paid to his wife, who lived in Phinadelphia. This disposition was made of the money, but Mrs. O'Donnell was given \$1,500. No mention was made of Susan Gallagher, and Mr. Fordjaald she had no ciaim at all upon the fund. O'Donnell was deburred from making a will owing to his situation. After O'Donnell's death Miss Ford brought Susan Gallagher to this country, paying her passage, and afterward, when she was in destitute circumstances gave her a bank book with a credit of \$300 and \$50 in cash. This was out of pure charity and not because of any claim the woman had or asserted she had.

SUIT AGAINST THE BRIDGE TRUSTEES. THEIR GRIP SAID TO BE AN INFRINGEMENT-MR.

STRANAHAN CONFIDENT THAT IT ISN'T. Process was issued yesterday against the Trustees of the New-York and Brooklyn Bridge at the suit of the Sational Cable Railway Company, in accordance with the prayer of a bill in equity sworn to by

William P. Shinn, president of the latter company.

The bill alleges that the complainant has made exten sive preparations to introduce the invention into the territory owned by it, and that the defendants are now constructing and using within the Southern District of New-York the ratented improvement, or a rope grip ping device substantially the same in construction and operation. The till prays an accounting and payment to the complainant of the income derived from the viola tion of its rights; that the rope gripping device now in use by the defendants may be destroyed or delivered up to the complainant; and that an additional assessment shall be made of the damages sustained by reason of the infringement, which shall be increased to a sum equal to

cable company, was served upon J. S.T. Stranahan, president of the Bridge Trustees, notifying him that the ments of the cablec ompany's patents, and expressing

greatly relieved."

Tresident Stranshan was seen at his home last evening and said: "I received a notice from Mr. Shaw, but the trustees don't propose to pay any attention to M. Our engineers say that we are not infringing on any patents by using the grip. Just what the cable company claim I don't know. No papers have been served on any of the trustees that I am aware of."

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.-A Tombstone,

Art., dispatch to The Bulletin this morning says: "John Slaughter and J. J. Patten, who arrived here to-day from Swishelm, report that the Apaches on Tuesday last killed four soldiers belonging to Captain Lowden's command in Gundaloupe Canon, A Mexican, one Oshow miles south of Bisbee, in the Whetstone Mountains."

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., June 11.-Ex-United States Senator Edmund G. Ross, lately appointed Governor of will start for Santa Fe. Governor Ross expresses much

TOMESTSONE, Ariz., June 11.-The following message

was sent to day:

L. Q. C. Lamar, Secretary of the Interior, Washington,
D. C.:

Our county is overrun with Indians, the Chiricabua and
Swisshelm Mountains being their present rendezvous,
Many citizens have been killed. We need troops here,
General Pope, commanding the Division of the
Pacific, is twive hundred miles distant, He
knows nothing of the actual situation. The citizens
have no guns or horses. As most of the troops are in
New-Mexico and elsewhere Cochise County is left unprotected. Help us at once.

The dispatch is sixued by the Board of Supervisors of
Cochise County, the Collector of Customs, Sheriff, and
County Probate Judge.

SETTLING A DIFFICULTY IN KENTUCKY. LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 11 .- A dispatch from East Bernstadt, Laurel County, says that an affray ocand James Thompson-and Wilkerson and Rufus Law but instead, Lames Thompson and Wilkerson Lawson with pistols and guns. Wilkerson Lawson was instantly killed by George Thompson, and Bufus Lawson received several dangerous wounds. B. L. Poynter, a bystauder

IGLEHART ATTEMPTING TO COMMIT SUICIDE. CHICAGO, June 11 .- Frank I glebart attempted to commit suicide yesterday afternoon by jumping off a pler near the suburban town of Lakeview. He was rescued and found to be on the verbe of delirium tremens. In 1882 the husband of Mrs. Rush Tevis met Igiehart and his wife coming out of a hotel in St. Louis. He drew a revolver and shot Iglehart in the arm. Tevis He drew a revolver and shot Iglebart in the arm. Tevis procured a divorce from his wife, but afterward became reconciled. Their life was not happy, however, and Tevis finally committed suicide. The case created a great scandal in 8t. Louis at the time, as all the parties connected with it were of high standing in the community and general favorites in society. The stigma of Iglebart's action has clung to him. On Monday night he was two weeks in arrears at his hotel and was turned out. Yesterday he went to Lakeview and spent his last dime for a drink. He says that he has friends but did not wish to trouble them.

PLUCKY JUDGE BROWN ROUTS A BURGLAR. DETROIT, June 11.-The house of Judge Henry B. Brown, of the United States Circuit Court, was entered by a burglar this morning. The Judge and wife were awakened to find a masked burglar with revolver and dark-lantern beside the bed, who by threats kept them quiet while he secured money and jewelry in all amounting to \$700 or \$800. While the burglar was going through a dressing-case the Judge secured his re-volver and fired; the shot was returned, but neither shot took effect. The robber ran down stairs pursued by the Judge, both firing, but the burglar escaped through a window and as far as known was uninjured.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

TRYING TO ESTABLISH A CATTLE TRAIL DENVER, June 11.—A meeting of the Colorado Cattle Growers' Association is in session here for the purpose of discussing the question of establishing a cattle trail across the State from Texas to Wyoming.

SEVENTEEN-YEAR LOCUSTS IN ILLINOIS.
VANDALIA, Ill., June 11.—Seventeen-year locusts in countless numbers have made their appearance in Fayette Co. The pests have already begun to work on fruit orchards, and farmers are beginning to view them with zeroous apprehension.

terious apprehension.

BILL OF HEALTH-FOR A CHOLERA SHIP.

PORTLAND, Mc., June 11.—The brigantine Anua P.

Odell, which arrived here last week, having lost two
men from cholera, has been thoroughly fundated and
allowed to come up to the city to discharge her cargo.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE,]

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, June 11 .- The Repubilcan State Convention met at 10 o'clock to-day. The eighty-eight counties of the State were fully represented. Over 4,000 persons were accommodated in the wigwam built by the people of Springfield in the market piace and given to the convention free of expense. Ex-Congressman J. D. Taylor, of the Guernsey District, was temporary chairman. He made an effective address, in

which he said:

By a combination of crimes, accidents and blunders, this Government, with all its great interests, has passed out of the control of the party that saved it from treason and disunion, into the hands of the party which, through its leaders, sought for four long and bloody years to tear it from its proud place among the Nations of the earth and hurl its dissevered fragments into the vortex of anarchy and dissolution. This crime of crimes, condoned by the overmazmanimity of the Republican party, unatomed for and unrepented of, by its chief participants, rears its head again in the Government at Washington.

The speaker outlined the issues of the coming contest and severely criticized the Demogratic blundering in

and severely criticized the Democratic blundering in State and National affairs. Amos Townsend, of Cleveland, was made permanent charman and took his seat at

nated for Governor on the first ballot by a vote of 46912. and the vote was made unanimous. General Robert P. Kennedy was nominated for Lieutenant Governor by acclamation. Judge George W. McIlvaine was renominated by acclamation to serve his fourth term in County, was nominated for Treasurer by acciamation. J. A. Kohler, of Summit County, was nominated for Attorney-General and Wells S. Jones, of Pike County, for member of the Board of Public

was one of the largest and best ever held in the State.

The accommodations were ample and complete.

The committee on resolutions included L. B. Gunckel,

Grasvenor, W. H. Taylor, C. L. Poorman, E. B. Taylor and William McKinley, jr. The last named as chairman of the committee submitted the following report, which

of the committee submitted the following report, which was adopted:

The right to vote accorded by the Constitution of the United States is the concern of the whole people, and must be secured at all hazards to every citizen in every part of the Republic; existing guarantees must be sacredly maintained and additional ones provided if necessary; that the equal protection of the laws and the equal enjoyment of the suffrage shall not fail or be abridged in any way through the connivance, neglect or fraud of any of the States of the Union.

The Democratic party, which owes its National victory last fail to the whital suppression of the ballot, cannot be looked to for the enforcement of these constitutional guarantees, and the hope of the friends of equal laws and equal suffrage is in the Republican party, which pledges itself to wage the context to a successful end.

We want such legislation as will harmonize the relations of capital and labor and promote the welfare of the people, and protect and foster the industries of the State.

We haver the establishment of a National Bureau of Industry, the enforcement of the eight nour law, and adequate appropriations from the public revenues for general education, wherever it is needed.

We denounce the importation of contract labor, and favor the most stringent laws to effectively prevent it.

We are in favor of a protective tariff which will encourage American development and furnish remunerative employment to American labor, and we are opposed to the British policy advocated by the Democratic Congress for Initing to make good the pledges they made in this behalf.

We condemn the action of the prosent Administration the object the labor in the solutions.

committed to extend the law to all grades of service to which it is applicable.

Ample appropriations should be made to enforce it in letter and spirit, and all laws at variance with the objects of existing reform legislation should be repealed. Having accomplished this much, the party pledges itself to still further and higher reforms; it looks with the deep est regret upon the failure of the present Administration to promote the reform of the civil service, so auspliciously began under Republican Administration.

The Republican party of Obio demands the repeal of the limitation contained in the Fension Arrears Act of 1878, so that all invalid soldiers shall share equally and their pensions begin with the date of disability, or discharge, and not with the date of application.

We denounce the Democratic party for the destruction of the Scott law and the consequent increase of the burners of taxation upon all property and the abandonment of an annual revenue of \$2,000,000, and while recognizing thelp ecopic's, right to amend the organic law, we demand the enactment of such legislation as will give us the most practical and efficient measure for the regulation and invation of the liquor traffic attainable ander the Constitution.

We denounce the Democratic Legislature for its treach-

tion and taxation of the liquor traffic attainable under the Constitution.

We denounce the Democratic Legislature for its treachery to its pledge on the subject of contract labor, and arraign it for incompetency and extravagance in the management of the Fententiary. We denounce the present Democratic General Assembly for its extravagance, corruption and wanton disregard of the true interests and good name of our State.

The Republicans of Onio, in convention assembled, tender to General Ulysses S. Grant our warm sympathy in this time of his great suffering, and assure him of our great faith in, and love for him, and carnestly hope that he may be restored to health and be blessed with many days among his grateful countrymen.

SKETCHES OF THE CANDIDATES.

Joseph Benson Foraker, the Republican candidate for Governor of Ohlo, was born near Rainsboro, Highland County, Ohlo, on July 5, 1846. During his boyhood he worked on a farm. When he was sixteen years old (July 14, 1862.) he collated as a private in Company A of the 89th Ohio Infantry, and he served with the Third Division of the Fourteenth Army Corps, Army of the Cumberland, until the close of the war. He was appointed sergeant on August 26, 1862, and he be came a second-lieutenant on May 12, 1863, and a firsthe was made a brevet captain "for efficient services dur-ing the recent campaigns in Georgia and South Carolina." He was mustered out with his regiment on June lina." He was mustered out with his regiment on June 13, 1865, at Camp Dennison, at which time he was serving as an addede-camp on the staff of General Henry W. Slocum. During his military service Mr. Foraker took part in the battles of Hoover's Gap. Lookout Mountain, Mission Ridge, Buzzard's Roost, Ringgold, Resaca, Keneasw Mountain, Peach Tree Creek, Eataw Creek, Atlanta, Jonesboro', Everysboro' and Bentonville; in fact, he passed through all the service of the Arny of the Cumberland excepting the battle of Chickamauga, during which engagement he was on detached service, and with General Slocum he took part in Sherman's march to the sea. When the war was over the young soldier entered Salem Academy, Roos County, Ohio, and in the fall of 1866 he entered Ohio Wesleyau University at Delaware as a freshman. He remained there two years, and then entered Cornell University, where he was graduated in 1869 in the first class. In the fall of the latter year he was admitted to the bar in Hamilton County, Ohio. He was Supervisor of Elections in Cincinpati in 1876. In 1877 he was the Republican candidate for Common Pleas Judge, and, though the ticket met with general disaster, he made a remarkable and almost successful run. In April, 1879, he was elected to the Superior Court of Cincinnati, defeating Alfred Yapie for re-election. After three years of service on the bench Judge Foraker resigne; on account of Ill health. He was the Republican candidate for Governor of Ohio in 1883, when he was defeated by George Hoadly (Dem.). Mr. Foraker was married in 1870 to Julia A. P. Bundy, eldest daughter of H. S. Bundy, and he has four children. 13, 1865, at Camp Dennison, at which time he was General Robert P. Kennedy, the Republican candidate

for Lieutenant Governor of Ohio, was in Yale College when the war broke out, and he hastened home to when the war broke out, and he hastened home to jein the 23d Ohio Infantry as Second Licuteraut (June 1, 1861). He served in the Army of the Cumberland until November, 1863, reaching the rank of Captain, and was soon after made Adjutant-General of the West Virginia Department. On November 17, 1864, he was made Major and Assistant Adjutant-General. He was made Major and Assistant Adjutant-General. Information of the Infantry and Brevet Brigadier-General. He was mustered out in September, 1863, and then began to practise law in Washington, Ohio. He has been an active Republican for many years, and in 1884 he took a prominent part in the Maine campaign.

George W. McIlvaine, the Republican candidate for Court Judge in Ohio, was born in Washington County, Penn., on July 14, 1822, and was educated at Belle Vernou Academy and Washington College. He was admitted to the bar in 1844, and removed to New-Philadelphia, Ohio, two years later. He was elected Judge of the Common Picas Court in 1862, and was re-elected ine 1867 without opposition. In 1870 he was elected a judge of the Supreme Court, and he was re-elected in 1875 and 1880.

lieved, would reduce the toils by one-half if they did not take them off altogether.

PREPARING FOR RIEL'S TRIAL.

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EFFORTS IN HIS BEHALF—THE PURSUIT OF BIG EFFORTS IN HIS BEHALF—THE PURSUIT OF BIG O'DONNELL'S COMPANION, SUSAN GALLAGHER, O'DONNELL'S COMPANIO

QUARRELS AMONG THE DEMOCRATS. COLUMBUS, June 11 .- The Democratic party ness increase in number daily. It is not an evidence of spend much of their time in trying to str up bad feeling among the Ohio Republicans. An attempt in did call out from The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette som good-humored but not entirely complimentary remarks about the ex-Governor, whose leadership in Ohio affairs except the Democrats. One thing is certain, though personal wrangles among Republicans cannot possibly help anybody except the Democrats. The Enquirer, too, misses no chance to represent, in reports of Republican county meetings, that there was a terrible row, and that the factions were beyond measure litter, and that the quarrel had become positively unhealable. There would be less trouble taken to circulate this vaulable informa-

On the other side, the temper of the Democratic fac-tion since President Cleveland began to make appointgetting ready to pitch into Mr. Cleveland without reserve or restraint. His appointments have not only been quite uniformly hostile to that interest, but could hardly have been more ingeniously devised to defeat the objects of McLean and his associates if they had been dictated by the most adroit and experienced politician in the of McLean and his associates if they had been dictated by the most adroit and experienced politician in the State. Then, too, Hoadly's position in the party has become a great nuisance to it. There is some talk that he may be nominated for Governor again. But by most Democrats he is regarded as the man who has done more than anybody else, by general mismanagement since he was elected Governor, to bring the party into disfavor. Burns, of Mansfield, one of the most prominent Democration in that part of the State, being asked the other day why he, a leader of the old-fashionet sort, did not favor the nomination of Allen G. Thurman for Governor, repiled: "When the Democratic party allows a renegade Republican to come to the front and get nominated for Governor, and elects him, and that gentleman gets the Democraty of the State in a — bad hole, I don't think its the right thing to ask Allen G. Thurman to make the race for Governor in order to get the party out of that hole." That sort of feeling toward Governor Hoadly is very generally expressed. But it is fair to say that in the neighborhood of Mansfield, Geddes is the choice of most of the Democrate for Governor, because that is his home. He has many enemies, and they say has promised post offices to too many applicants, and at all events is generally regarded as a trickster; but nevertheless has contrived to have active friends in all sections and fragments of the party.

As to Thurman's nomination, it is impossible yet to anticipate anything. But there is little reason to doubt that the managers who have opposed Mr. Thurman so bitterly, and in former contests slaughtered him with so little mercy, do not now advocate his nomination because they want to see him succeed or suppose that his success is possible. The fact is that the shrewdest Democratis in the State do not suppose it possible to succeed with anybody this year.

Boston, June 11 (Special).-The Republican

legislative caucus at Concord, N. H., this evening re-nominated H. W. Blair for the United States Senator-ship on the first bailot, which resulted as follows: s W. Patterson had 4; E. H. Rollins, 8; Osslan

tion was made unanimous.

The Senate and House met in Joint Convention in the morning and proceeded to an election of State officers, with the following the result: Secretary of State, A. B. Thompson; State Printer, John B. Clarke; State Treasarer, Solon A. Carter, and Commissary-General, Frank P. Brown.

RICHMOND, Va., June 11 (Special) .- The Reublicans of the State are holding their bounty convento nominate candidates for Governor and other State offices, to meet here on July 15. The southwest is in favor of Frank Blair, at present Attorney-General, for Governor, and the whole State chanors for the Blair Educational bill. There is a unity of purpose to carry the State among all the Republicans.

SHEROYGAN, Wis., June 11.-The Park Hotel, together with a large portion of its contents, was destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is estimated at \$25,000: insurance, \$8,000. The fire originated from an overturned lamp. All the guests were awakened and escaped without injury.

town burned the interior of the Chinese Theatre and destroyed several adjoining buildings. The loss is \$65,000; insurance unknown.

ALARMING SPREAD OF TYPHOID FEVER. WILKESBARRE, June 11 (Special),-While the epidemic at Plymouth appears to be rapidly abating there is every symptom that it is about to break out in other and neighboring towns. Sugar Notch, a mining borough of about 2,000 people, is experiencing a con tagion of typhoid fever that promises to assume serious proportions. Within the past few days there has been a sudden and alarming increase in the number of cases. sudden and alarming increase in the number of cases. There are at present about twenty-eight persons sick of the fever in the borough and for the past three days there have been five or six new cases a day. Up to date there have been three deaths, though in one case the disease was contracted in Plymouth. The people are in the greatest alarm and fear an outbreak as virulent as that at Plymouth. Three physicians have been engaged by the Borough Council to analyze the water and make an investigation as to the cause of the disease. Hazleton, a large town in the lower end of the county, has about forty cases, and new ones are reported every day.

ATTACKED HER GRANDDAUGHTER WITH A CLUB. PITTSBURG. June 11 (Special).-Mrs. Eliza beth Miller, who lives with her son-in-law, John Deeds, two miles north of Claysville, almost killed his daughter Mary yesterday. Mrs. Miller has been deranged for years. Yesterday she entered the bouse carrying a large club and struck Miss Deeds a powerful blow upon the head, knocking her unconscious from her chair. The girl had hardly regained consciousness when the de mented creature, furious with success, attacked her with a knife and would have killed her had not Mr Deeds appeared on the scene. Mrs. Miller is over ninety pears of age. Some time ago she destroyed notes which she held against various persons in the neighborhood, to

A BROKER AND A BANK PRESIDENT IN COURT. PHILADELPHIA, June 11 (Special).-Alfred F. Young, a broker, was given a further hearing this morning on the charge of embezzling notes amounting to 8300, the property of Albert V. Green. The prisoner confessed that he had sold the notes, and when asked for the money replied that the president of the Corn Ex-change Bank had swindled him out of it. Dell Noblitt, president of the Corn Exchange Bank, testified that he president of the Corn Exchange Bank, festined that he held the note of Louis B. Young for \$300. and also a check for the note, dated May 15, signed by the witness, payable to W. Penn Young, for \$300. The notes were purchased by the witness from W. Penn Young, and he had no knowledge of A. F. Young in the transaction. Since the notes were purchased they have been discounted at the bank. Young was held in bail for trial.

KILLED WHILE ASLEEP ON THE TRACK. WASHINGTON, June 11 .- George M. Schafer, well-known business man of this city, was found this morning in a ditch on the Metropolitan branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Rallroa i just outside the city limits, his skull badly fractured and his right hand lacerated. Mr. Schafer attended a silver wedding at the Schuetzer Park last night. Returning alone in his buggy, the horse got into a ravine, and after a struggle broke away from the vehicle and ran up the track. Mr. Schafer probably started to follow the animal, and after walking some distance sat down on the track to rest, fell asleep and was struck by an outgoing train.

YOUNG MR. JANVRIN HURT IN A RUNAWAY. SARATOGA, June 11 (Special).-The team of L. H. Janvrin, of New-York, ran away on Broadway this afternoon. Mr. Janvrin's son was run over, but his injuries are not of a serious character.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

DROWNING OF TWO BROTHERS.

LACROSSE, Wis., June 11.—Philip and Milo Lackman, of Omiaska, age eighteen and twenty, were drowned resterday. The youngest fell from a log into deep water, when the other went to his resoue, but perished with

him.

DROWNED BY THEIR BOAT UPSETTING.

EASTFORT, Me., June 11.—Two sons of William Leaby, of Grand Manan, age twenty and fourteen, were drowned there yesterlay by the upsetting of a boat.

A MURDERER'S JURY DISAGREE.

BOSTON, June 11.—At E-st Cambridge to-day, the jury iff the case of Daniel Ford, of Lowell, charged with killing his two-year-old stepson by beating and kicking him, were unable to agree.

CABLE CARS IN PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, June 11 (Special).- A number of new cable cars began running on Market-st. between Twentieth and Fortieth sts., a distance of nearly two miles, to-day. They ran smoothly and without the slightest hitch. The line will be placed in full operation as soon as the curves in the city preper have been laid.

THE DOLPHIN AT SEA.

SUCCESS OF THE FINAL TRIAL TRIP.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

FROM SCOTLAND LIGHT TO BARNEGAT AND BACK IN SIX HOURS.

John Roach made no objection to acceding to

Secretary Whitney's request that the sea-going qualities of the Dolphin should be tested before her final acceptance by the Navy Department. It was agreed that the Dolphin should make a six hours' run at sea under the same conditions as if she were actually in commission. was put to the test and easily fulfilled all the condition required. The day was calm and the sea quiet. Con quently it could only be inferred how the ship would behave in rough weather. All such inferences were however, in her favor, and she showed herself as steady and stanch in the open ocean as in the sheltered Sound speed of over fourteen knots an nour, on matter draw, without the use of her blower, which might safely be relied on to increase her speed to fifteen or sixteen knots, as in her last trial. The officers whose duty it was to scrutinize carefully her performance found no ground for complaint, and John Roach smiled triumphantly as

foot of East Eighth-st, was 8 o'clock. At 3 o'clock in the morning, while the vessel was firmly moored in her dock, the engines were started and continued to run at low speed until the time for going to sea. The party which she was to carry consisted of Commodore Bellow speed until the time for going to sea. The party which she was to carry consisted of Commodore Belknap, Commander Evans and Hermance Winter, constituting the Board of Inspection; Chief Engineer Kierstead, Chief Engineer Thompson, and Passed Assistant Engineer Perry, who devoted their attention to watching the performance of the Dolphin's enginee; Lieutenaut McLean, who attended to the log and the general navigation, and Naval Constructor Bowles, who, with Messays Steers and Archibald, constituted the Advisory. Messrs. Steers and Archibald, constituted the Advis-

navigation, and Naval Constructor Bowles, who, with Messrs. Steers and Archibald, constituted the Advisory Board. The ship was under the direct command of Captain Bulger, of the Mailory Line. John Roach and his son Stephen were not the least interested observers of the Deiphin's behavior.

Some delay was oceasioned in leaving the dock by the fact that Commander Evans was late. At last at 8:50 it was decided to cast off and let Commander Evans come aboard in a tugboat. The Dolphin was hardly out in the stream and put about when the missing commander appeared on the wharf and was taken aboard. Then four bells rang and the Dolphin started down the river at full speed, the National flag floating at her mizzen-peak, receiving the shrill salutes of passing tugboats and answering them with indefatigable politeness. The tide was running out and the run down to the Narrows was a quick one. Everything worked smoothly and no untoward event interrupted the regular pulsations of the powerful engines. Once the vessel was under way all the inspectors began to arrange their apparatus for testing her various qualities. Dynamometers were attached to the engines; a straight-edge was arranged on the after bridge by which, when the Dolphin should roll, the extent of her oscillations might be measured; another appliance was contrived to detect any springing of the vessel when she should pitch; patent logs were got in readiness and a glass full of water was held over the screw to determine whether the jarring would spill; Some of these preparations proved wholly unnecessary, as the Dolphin neither rolled nor pitched.

On approaching the Narrows the Dispatch was seen on the port bow making in the same direction as the Dolphin, and with the evident intention of accompanying her on the trip. What was the object of sending out the Dispatch is not apparent, for in an hour she was huil down astern of the Dolphin, and was not seen again till. New-York had been nearly reached on the return trip. Then she was again overtaken making the best o

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

PHILADELPHIA HOLDERS OF WEST SHORE. PHILADELPHIA, June 11 (Special). - The bondholders, representing \$6,000,000 of the general cided upon an address to all the bondholders regardless of their locations. They urge that it is the duty of the trustee under the mortgage to take the action necessary to bring about a prompt foreclosure and sale of the road.

It will then be necessary for the bondholders to decide whether they will unite to purchase the property or await the result of the sale and receive in exchange their bonds the pro rata share of the proceeds. The committee believe that it is for the interest of the bondolders to unite and protect themselves from such sacriholders to unite and protect themselves from such sacrifice of their property as would certainly result if there should be no one at the sale authorized to bid in their behalf. They therefore advise all bondholders to concentrate their holdings on some representative committee in whom they have confidence so that they may be prepared for action when the proper time arrives. No bondholder is asked to surrender or to agree to surrender his bonds nor to incur any expense. The great point in to-day's meeting is that the committee do not confine themselves to the Philadelphia holders, but appeal to them all, no matter where they live.

BUFFALO, NEW-YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

Buffalo, June 11 (Special) .- The holders of the second morigage Buffalo, New-York and Phila-delphia bonds, upon which interest was defaulted June 1, held a meeting this morning. The receiver was given until June 11 to pay the \$17,500 due, and if not paid to-day foreclosure proceedings were to be begun. A letter was received from G. Clinton Gardner, the reeciver of the company, saying that the court would not allow him to pay. Soon after it became known that E. W. Kingsley had obtained au Injunction in Pittsberg restraining the foreclosure proceedings. It was therefore decided to hold the matter open until June 20. The first mortgage interest, amounting to \$90,000, fails due on July 1, and the bondholders will walt to see what is done with that.

POOLING PLANS READY FOR APPROVAL. The general passenger agents of the trunk

lines and their New-England connections, at the meeting at Commissioner Fink's office yesterday, made sufficient progress in drafting the new pooling contract sufficient progress in drafting the new pooling contracts and the agreement for settling disputes by arbitration as to warrant their instructing. Assistant Commissioner Pierson to submit the two schemes for the consideration of the trunk line Executive Committee to-day. If the plans, as completed, are approved, the passenger agents will then take them up again for the perfection of numerous details. It is not expected that any agreement as regards pool percentages can be reached among the roads and therefore it is deemed desirable to constitute a board of arbitration as speedily as possible. There has been no discussion whatever looking to a restoration of passenger rates.

CHICAGO, June 11 .- An effort has been made

to injure R. B. Harrison, United States Assayer, in charge of the Mint at Helena, who is a son of Senator Harrison, of Indiana. The scheme, it is understood, originated with a discharged employe, but it is evident that others are sharing in it. Two days ago a dispatch was received over the wires saying that an investigation showed that the public money had been used for
private purposes. As this was signed by the name of
the authorized agent of the press it was permitted to
pass. The friends of Mr. Harrison having challenged
the statement, an investigation was instituted and the
Helena agent called on for an explanation. He promptly
pronounced the use of his name a forgery.

The Western Union Telegraph Company have now
been called on by the Associated Press to explain why
its manager at Helena accepted and transmitted a forged
dispatch. That company will be held to a strict accountability in this case. Word has been received from
the United States Mint Examiner that Mr. Harrison's offlow was found in perfect condition and his accounts adjusted to a cent. was received over the wires saying that an inves